

## **KUMASI TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY**



# **GREEN CAMPUS PROPOSAL**

## **Executive Summary**

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#### 1. Introduction

#### 1.1 Background

Kumasi Technical University of Ghana (KsTU) was recently converted from a Polytechnic with the aim of providing higher education through teaching and research. It hopes to take advantage of this conversion to be known for the development of renewable energy and sustainable engineering in Ghana. This goal must align with the University's day to day activities which require redefining its work-place environmental culture and developing new paradigms by creating sustainable systems on campus.

Even as it carries out its mandate as an institution of higher learning, KsTU must demonstrate to the public, staff, and students that it is responsible and willing to take the lead in creating a more sustainable tomorrow by testing systems and technologies, and to advance innovative solutions to national and global challenges. The university can manifest sustainability in two ways that should be complementary – curriculum and operations. In other words, we have the ability to manifest sustainability, not only in theory, but in practice in everyday operations on our campus.

Consequently, KsTU has recently established a Centre for applied research, technology development and training in Renewable Energy and Energy Efficiency through a grant won under Skills Development Fund (SDF). The Centre (known as CREK) undertakes applied research in areas of RE & EE and offers tailor-made vocational and technical training programmes to diverse groups of people including local artisans, as well as students and graduates from Technical and Vocational Education and Training (TVET) institutions. The mandate of the Centre is to provide long-term support to local (and Regional) businesses that deliver products and services related to renewable energy (RE) and energy efficiency (EE).

Also, the University is seeking to develop a niche in renewable energy and sustainable environmental engineering. The curricula of these two programmes are under development. A green campus will therefore be a practical demonstration of what the University will be teaching in theory.

Campus greening is a concept which stands for the efforts to establish environmentally sustainable practises in educational institutions the world over. Its goal is to diminish the impact of ecological footprints by implementing the principles of sustainability at every level of institutional functioning. Greening the campus includes doing away with wasteful inefficiencies and using conventional sources of energies for its daily power needs, correct disposal and handling of waste, purchase of environment friendly supplies, and effective recycling program.

#### 1.2 Problem Definition

The University is confronted with unique challenges as the campus has grown considerably over the past several years, growing from just 4,000 students, to over 10,000 students in recent times. The population is expected to increase further with the conversion from polytechnic to technical university. This growth has necessitated the expansion of the campus facilities and the construction of new buildings thereby increasing the energy demand and waste generation on campus.

The university presently consumes about 10 GWh of electricity annually. Paying of electricity bill has always been a major problem, inability to pay, sometimes results in the university being disconnected by the power company. Besides, the university also experiences frequent power outages due to unreliable supply from the national grid.

There is no data on the volume of waste generated on KsTU campus presently, however the indiscriminate disposal of waste around the campus and in lecture halls, hip of solid waste left unattended to for several days, inadequate, and inappropriate waste collection bin, are evident of waste management challenges on campus.

#### 1.3 Project Objectives

The main objective of this project is to establish a green campus concept at Kumasi Technical University. This is expected to reduce waste generation, enhance waste management, and reduce energy consumption and dependency on national grid.

The specific objectives are to:

- 1. Generate 20 % of university's energy demand using solar
- 2. Install smart energy systems for efficient control and use of energy
- 3. Conduct energy audit for KsTU to identify lost and cost centres

- 4. Establish an energy management/audit team
- 5. Improve waste disposal, collection and management among students and staff of the university through the provision of waste bins, education, waste sorting, and waste reduction
- 6. Establish an environmental management system
- 7. Design and install rain harvesting systems for KsTU
- 8. Design and develop appropriate waste recycling systems

#### 2. Conceptual Framework

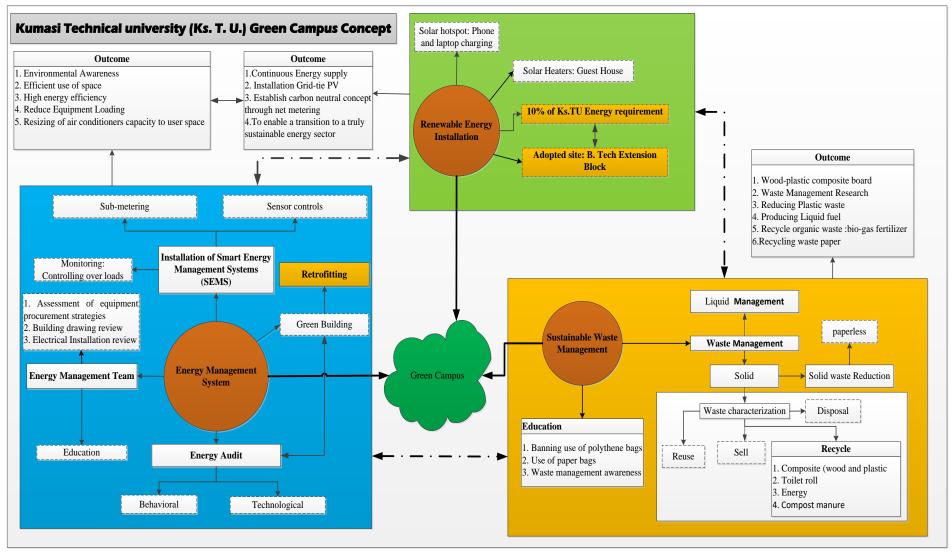


Figure 1: Conceptualize Frame work of KsTU Green Campus

#### 3. Expected Outcomes and Outputs

#### 3.1 Outcomes

The project is expected to have four tangible outcomes as follows

- 1. Energy consumption from national grid reduced by 10 % by 2021
- 2. Renewable energy systems installed to replace 20 % of conventional energy supply by 2021
- Waste management systems implemented to reduce waste generation and enhance waste collection and reuse by 2021
- 4. Waste recycling systems designed and developed by 2021

#### 3.2 Output

The project is expected to have the following outputs after implementation:

Renewable Energy System

- 1. Smart energy management systems installed
- 2. Energy management/audit team/task force formed
- 3. Compact Fluorescent Lamps (CFLs) retrofitted with Light Emitting Diodes (LEDs)
- 4. Two solar hot spots installed with capacity of 5 kWp each
- 5. 250 kWp solar PV system installed for KsTU
- 6. Solar water heaters installed for school cafeteria and guest house

Sustainable Waste Management Systems

- 7. Waste generation reduced
- 8. Standard waste collection equipment procured. This includes paddle waste bins, skips, waste trucks, and wheel barrows.
- 9. Solid waste sorted and characterized
- 10. Waste recycled into other useful products such as composite materials, paper, manure, etc.

### **4.** Description of Activities (Logical Framework)

This section outlines the specific activities needed to be carried out to achieve each expected project outcome.

Outcome 1: Energy consumption from national grid reduced by 10 % by 2021			
Output	Description of output	Activities	Indicator
1. Smart energy management	This entails setting up of systems	1.1 conduct energy audit of	Energy audit conducted with
systems installed	that are intelligent enough to	facilities on campus	report submitted.
	control and monitor the	1.2 Procure smart energy systems	Smart energy systems procured
	consumption of energy by	1.3 Install sub metering and	and installed.
	existing equipment in various	monitoring systems	
	offices at the university thereby	1.4 Installation of motion sensors	
	improving energy efficiently.	for lighting and air	
		conditioning control	
2. Compact Fluorescent Lamps	This involves changing existing	2.1 Procure LEDs	LEDs procured and installed
(CFLs) retrofitted with Light	lighting systems to LEDs.	2.2 Install LEDs	
Emitting Diodes (LEDs)		2.3 Remove and discard old bulbs	
3. Energy management/audit	Energy management team is being	3.1 Identification, selection and	Energy management team formed.
team/task force formed	proposed to develop strategies for	screening of members	Energy management office
	continual and efficient use of the	3.2 Establish an energy	established.
	university's energy. The team will	management office/desk	Energy management team trained.
	be responsible for educating the	3.3 Train members on modern	

	university community on energy conservation methods.	energy conservation techniques	
Outcome 2: Renewable energy systems installed to replace 10 % of conventional energy supply by 2021			
Output	<b>Description of output</b>	Activities	Indicator
4. Two hybrid solar PV hot spots	It is proposed that two student's	4.1 Perform site assessment and	A total of 10 kWp system
installed with capacity of 5	waiting areas are equipped with	selection	installed at students waiting areas.
kWp each	solar charging units for mobile	4.2 Produce architectural and	
	phones and laptops. This will	wiring design	
	address the challenge of students	4.3 Procure and install systems	
	using classrooms as mobile phone		
	charging point.		
5. 250 kWp solar PV system	Solar PV systems will be installed	5.1 Perform site survey and	250 kWp solar PV system
installed for KsTU	on roof tops of various building	assessment	installed in phase.
	on campus with a total capacity of	5.2 Conduct load assessment for	
	about 250 kWp to meet the 10 %	selected buildings/facilities <sup>1</sup>	
	RE target for the institution.	5.3 Size and specify system	
		requirement	
		5.4 Procure and install the system	
6. Solar water heaters installed	To further reduce energy use by	6.1 Collect hot water usage data	Solar water heater installed for
for school cafeteria anCd	KsTU, we hope to install solar	from kitchen and guest house	kitchen and guesthouse.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A preliminary load assessment has been done for one of the engineering buildings. Details are given in the appendix of this proposal.

guest house	water heaters for the school	6.2 Size and specify solar heating			
	restaurant and guesthouse.	system			
		6.3 Procure and install system			
Outcome 3: Waste management s	Outcome 3: Waste management systems implemented to reduce waste generation and enhance waste collection and reuse by 2021				
Output	Description of output	Activities	Indicator		
7. Waste generation reduced	A sure way to reduce our	7.1 Collect baseline data on the	Waste generation on campus		
	ecological footprint and ensure	quantity of waste generated	quantified		
	eco-friendly environment is to	7.2 Introduce paperless			
	reduce waste generation at KsTU.	procedures and systems on			
	This can be achieved through	campus			
	several means including reducing	7.3 Ban the use of polyethylene			
	paper usage by using emails and	for packaging food on campus			
	social media to send memos,	7.4 Introduce biodegradable food			
		pack			
8. Standard waste collection	Efficient collection and disposal	8.1 Specify and procure the items	Waste collection and disposal		
equipment procured. This	of waste generated is important in	needed	equipments provided		
includes color coded paddle	keeping the campus clean and				
waste bins, skips, waste	green.				
trucks, and wheel barrows.					
9. Solid waste separated and	This involves source separation,	9.1 Provide colour coded bins on	Coded bins provided.		
characterized	sorting and characterization of the	campus	Communication messages		

	various solid waste generated.	9.2 Develop communication	developed.
	This is needed to determine the	messages and materials for	Members of the University
	appropriate technologies required	proper waste disposal	educated on proper disposal of
	for recycling.	9.3 Educate University	solid waste.
		community to separate waste	Solid waste characterised.
		into appropriate bins	
		9.4 Determine the composition of	
		waste generated on campus	
Outcome 4: Waste recycling systems designed and developed by 2021			
Output	Description of output	Activities	Indicator
10. Waste recycled into other	As part of our green campus	10.1 Convert wood and plastic	Composite materials produced
useful products such as	initiative, KsTU aims at being	waste to composite material	from waste
composite materials, paper,	able to recycle some of its waste	for the furniture department	Biogas plant designed and
manure, etc.	into other products. If proper	10.2 Convert digestable organic	constructed
	waste sorting is achieved, then we	waste to biogas	Pyrolysis plant designed and
	could produce biogas from	10.3 Convert lignocellolusic waste	constructed
	digestable organic waste and also	to bio-oil	
	recycle waste paper.	10.4 Convert plastic waste to fuel	
	recycle waste paper.	10.4 Convert plastic waste to fuel	
	recycle waste paper.	10.5 Recycle waste paper to tissue	
	recycle waste paper.	•	

## 5. Budget

Item	Estimated cost, USD
Proposal Development	20,000
Smart energy management systems	90,000
Compact Fluorescent Lamps (CFLs) retrofitted with	20,000
Light Emitting Diodes (LEDs)	
Energy management/audit team/task force formed	30,000
Two hybrid solar PV hot spots installed with capacity of	100,000
5 kWp each	
250 kWp solar PV system installed for KsTU	1,400,000
Solar water heaters installed for school cafeteria and	20,000
guest house	
Waste generation reduced	10,000
Standard waste collection equipment procured. This	350,000
includes color coded paddle waste bins, skips, waste	
trucks, and wheel barrows.	
Solid waste separated and characterized	15,000
Waste recycled into other useful products such as	220,000
composite materials, paper, manure, etc.	
TOTAL	2,275,000

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